DATING VIOLENCE CHECKLIST

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DEFINITION

- □ Violence between individuals who have or have had a continuing and significant relationship of a romantic or intimate nature. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the consideration of the following factors:
 - 1. A dating relationship must have existed in the past 6 months;
 - 2. The nature of the relationship must have been characterized by the expectation of affection or sexual involvement between the parties; and
 - 3. The frequency and type of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship must have included that the persons have been involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship.
 - ♦ The term does not include violence in a casual acquaintanceship or violence between individuals who only have engaged in ordinary fraternization in a business or social context. § 784.046(1)(d).

STANDING

Any person who is the victim of dating violence <u>and</u> has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of another act of dating violence, <u>or</u> any person who has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of an act of dating violence, <u>or</u> the parent or legal guardian of any minor child who is living at home and who seeks an injunction for protection against dating violence on behalf of that minor child, has standing in the circuit court to file a sworn petition for an injunction for protection against dating violence. § 784.046(2)(b).

Notice: In order for the parent or legal guardian to file on a minor child's behalf <u>against</u> a respondent who is **not** the minor child's parent, stepparent, or legal guardian the following must be met:

- ____ (a) The minor child must also be living at home with the parent or legal guardian, who is filing as the petitioner on their behalf, and ____ (b) The parent or legal guardian must have reasonable cause to
- believe that the minor child is a victim of dating violence. § 784.046(4)(a)2.

Notice	in order for the parent or legal guardian to file on a child's behalf <u>against a parent</u> , stepparent, or legal guardian of the minor child the following requirements must also be met:
	Petitioner must allege the incidents of dating violence and shall include the specific facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief is sought. § 784.046(4)(a).
	No bond shall be required for entry of an injunction. § 784.046(3)(c), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(2)(B).
	Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall set a hearing to be held at the earliest possible time. § 784.046(5), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(b)(3).
	The respondent shall be personally served with a copy of the petition, notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, prior to the hearing. § 784.046(5), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(b)(2)(B).
TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS	
	Determine whether it appears to the court that an <u>immediate and present danger</u> of
	dating violence exists. § 784.046(6)(a), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(1)(A).
	The court shall only consider the verified pleadings/affidavits, unless the respondent appears at the hearing or has received reasonable notice of the hearing. § 784.046(6)(b).
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	The court shall only consider the verified pleadings/affidavits, unless the respondent appears at the hearing or has received reasonable notice of the hearing. § 784.046(6)(b). Amended petitions and affidavits must be considered by the court as if originally

- If the ex-parte (temporary) injunction is granted: Any such ex-parte temporary injunction shall be effective for a fixed period not to exceed 15 days. § 784.046(6)(c), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(4). A full hearing shall be set for a date no later than the date when the temporary injunction ceases to be effective. § 784.046(6)(c), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(4). The court may grant a continuance of the ex-parte temporary injunction and the full hearing before or during a hearing, for good cause shown by any party, or upon its own motion for good cause, including failure to obtain service. § 784.046(6)(c), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(4). POSSIBLE RELIEF GRANTED with TEMPORARY INJUNCTIONS Restrain the respondent from committing any act of violence. § 784.046(7)(a). Restrain the respondent from contact with the petitioner. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(o). Order other relief as the court deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner, including injunctions or directives to law enforcement agencies as provided in this section. § 784.046(7)(b), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(o). Restrain respondent from knowingly coming within 100 feet of the petitioner's automobile at any time. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(o). Order respondent to not use or possess a firearm or ammunition and surrender any firearms and ammunition in respondent's possession to the specified sheriff's office pending further order of the court. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(o). Restrain respondent from going to, in, or within 500 feet of the petitioner's current or future residence the petitioner's current or any subsequent place of employment or school the places frequented regularly by the petitioner and/or petitioner's minor child(ren). Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(k). FINAL INJUNCTIONS No electronic or audio tape recording or court reporting services are provided by the court in dating violence cases. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Forms 12.980(b)(1), 12.980(p).
- Upon notice and hearing, when it appears to the court that an immediate and present danger of violence exists, the court may grant such relief as the court deems proper, including injunctions or directives to law enforcement agencies as

- \Box If a final injunction is granted:
 - ♦ The terms of the injunction shall remain in force and effect until modified or dissolved. Either party may move at any time to modify or dissolve the injunction. Such relief may be granted in addition to other civil and criminal remedies. § 784.046(7)(c).
 - ♦ Any relief granted shall be effective for a fixed period or until further order of the court. Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(4)(B), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(p).
 - ♦ Upon petition of the victim, the court may extend the injunction for successive periods or until further order of the court. Broad discretion resides with the court to grant an extension after considering the circumstances. No specific allegations are required. Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(4)(B).

POSSIBLE RELIEF GRANTED with FINAL INJUNCTIONS

Restrain the respondent from committing any acts of violence. § 784.046(7)(a).
Restrain the respondent from contact with the petitioner. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(p).
Order other relief as the court deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner, including injunctions or directives to law enforcement agencies as provided in this section. § 784.046(7)(b), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(p).
Restrain respondent from knowingly coming within 100 feet of petitioner's automobile at any time. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(p).
Order respondent to not use or possess a firearm or ammunition and surrender any firearms and ammunition in respondent's possession to the specified sheriff's office pending further order of the court. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(p).

- Restrain respondent from going to, in, or within 500 feet of
- the petitioner's current or future residence
 - ♦ the petitioner's current or any subsequent place of employment or school
 - ♦ the places frequented regularly by the petitioner and/or petitioner's minor child(ren). Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(k).

REQUIREMENTS FOR TEMPROARY AND FINAL ORDERS

- ☐ The temporary and final judgment should indicate on its face that:
 - ♦ The injunction is valid and enforceable in all counties of the State of Florida.
 - ♦ Law enforcement officers may use their arrest powers pursuant to section 901.15(6) to enforce the terms of the injunction.
 - ♦ The court had jurisdiction over the parties and matter.

- ◆ Reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard was given to the respondent sufficient to protect that person's right to due process.
- ◆ The date respondent was served with the temporary or final order, if obtainable. § 784.046(7)(d)1-4.

MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION

□ The petitioner or respondent may move the court to modify or vacate an injunction at any time. § 784.046(10), Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(6).

ENFORCEMENT

- The Florida Department of Law Enforcement has established and maintains a Domestic, Dating, Sexual and Repeat Violence Injunction Statewide Verification System capable of electronically transmitting information to and between criminal justice agencies relating to domestic, dating, sexual, and repeat violence injunctions issued by the courts throughout the state. **The Department must have the respondent's name, race, sex and date of birth.** § 784.046(8)(b).
- □ The court shall enforce, through a civil or criminal contempt proceeding, a violation of an injunction for protection. The court may enforce the respondent's compliance with the injunction by imposing a monetary assessment. § 784.046(9)(a).
- If the violation meets the statutory criteria, it may be prosecuted as a crime. Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.610(c)(5).
- If the respondent is arrested under section 901.15(6) for committing an act of repeat, dating or sexual violence in violation of an injunction for protection, the respondent shall be held in custody until brought before the court as expeditiously as possible for the purpose of enforcing the injunction and for admittance to bail in accordance with chapter 903 and the applicable rules of criminal procedure, pending a hearing. § 784.046(9)(b).

FIRST DEGREE MISDEMEANOR

A person who willfully violates an injunction for protection against dating violence issued pursuant to 784.046, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to section 741.315 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083. § 784.047.